

2.3.4 Disaster Recovery [L.34.2.3.4]

Networx customers receive the most reliable and survivable telecommunications services, from the world’s most experienced and effective Disaster Recovery organization and infrastructure. AT&T has a long tradition of efficiently and quickly providing and restoring service to the Government in times of disaster.

To anticipate, plan for and effectively respond to natural and man-made disasters, the Government is supported by AT&T’s industry leading disaster recovery capabilities and management expertise, augmented by our exceptional people, proven processes and advanced technologies. In the event of a disaster, the Government can be confident disaster recovery is built into AT&T’s day-to-day operations and is an integral element in the management of our services. Agencies can operate effectively should natural events or man-made attacks occur. Information on the extent and readiness of our disaster recovery proficiency is addressed as follows:

- Discussion of AT&T’s disaster recovery capabilities and management approach (provided in the following text and in Appendix D)
- The industry-leading quality of AT&T’s Disaster Recovery plan (Appendix D)
- History of our actual disaster recovery experience (Appendix D).

Table 2.3.4-1 summarizes the benefits of AT&T’s approach to the Government in terms of disaster capabilities and management.

FEATURES	BENEFITS
Well-defined DR procedures, including roles and responsibilities, coupled with a well-equipped and well-trained organization that has been tested and proven in the field, such as when restoring services after 9/11 and Hurricane Katrina.	Effective execution of tasks and rapid staging and installation when disaster occurs, minimizing time to restore services.
Fleet of over 100 trailers, strategically located across the country and mounted with special equipment configured to expedite service restoration.	Self contained organizational units that focus on service recovery to minimize the time to restore services.



FEATURES	BENEFITS
Specially designed equipment, tools and systems such as RTNR (Real-Time Network Routing), [REDACTED]	Provides expedited restoration of services by automatically re-routing traffic, at various protocol layers, around failed or overloaded network elements.
Total DR planning and preparedness that includes wireline, wireless, domestic and non-domestic service coverage (through our partners Cingular, Global Crossing, and Telenor).	Integrated planning and coordination to provide total coverage of potential disaster locations.
Redundant Network Operations Centers (NOCs) and alternate routing built into network facilities (e.g. multiple SONET ring transmission).	Automatic backup for network management, monitoring and transmission for Networkx services.

Table 2.3.4-1: Features and Benefits of Incomparable Disaster Recovery. Agencies can trust the AT&T team for continuity of service through preparedness planning.

2.3.4.1 The Disaster Recovery Plan [L.34.2.3.4, C.3.3.3.2.1]

The offeror shall provide a Disaster Recovery Plan that addresses how the offeror proposes to meet Government disaster recovery requirements specified in Section C.3.3.3, Disaster Recovery. The offeror shall structure the Disaster Recovery Plan according to requirements specified in Section C.3.3.4.1.1, Disaster Recovery Plan. The offeror shall describe in the Disaster Recovery Plan its disaster recovery organization, resources, strategies, practices, policies, processes, procedures, tools, systems, reports and any other relevant capabilities to provide the Government with a high degree of confidence that the offeror has sound, effective, and adequate management, technical, and operational capabilities that meet Government disaster recovery requirements. The contractor's Disaster Recovery Plan shall describe in detail how the contractor shall satisfy the disaster recovery requirements as identified in Section C.3.3.3, Disaster Recovery and all sub-sections. [C.3.3.3.2.1]

Agencies receive the best service continuity in the marketplace through an executable Disaster Recovery Plan (Appendix D), based on AT&T's corporate Network Disaster Recovery (NDR) Program. This program establishes clear lines of authority, sets standards for all required processes and tools, manages disaster drills and prioritizes work efforts. Our goal is to offer Agencies service continuity under crisis circumstances.

Our key program objectives include:

- Maintaining continuity of critical operations
- Minimizing the duration of a serious disruption to operations
- Establishing emergency management controls
- Providing coordination for recovery.

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AT&T not only is the patriarch of today's disaster recovery programs, it is also the kingfish. AT&T has spent more than \$300 million on the effort since 1991, and much of that money has been spent on 20-foot semi-tractor trailers that house network equipment, capable of replicating any 7 domestic or international transport scenario, four times a year, once in each region, S&T& rolls the trucks and conducts disaster simulations.

-- August 2003

At the heart of disaster recovery planning is AT&T's Network Disaster Recovery (NDR) organization. This organization is responsible for all DR planning and preparedness and for restoring the functionality of central offices and network elements within the AT&T network, maintaining vital business operations for our customers. This organization sets the standards for all disaster recovery operations to follow and execute, thus maximizing continuity for customers. Networx services and requirements are fully supported by AT&T's NDR organization under the direction of the Network Disaster Recovery [REDACTED]

NDR provides continuity of operations and recovery capabilities used to plan, establish, maintain, and augment the infrastructures, technologies, and processes required for crisis-mode operations during a disaster or threat.

These crucial operations include:

- Recovery of critical network services
- Normalization of operations to the fullest capability
- Establishment of emergency communications and network access
- Support of disaster management strategies to maintain customer connectivity
- Support of humanitarian relief communications associated with natural and man-made disasters.

Even before NDR resources are called upon, Government customers have network services with built-in survivability, providing and maintaining reliable operations. These services are supported by redundant and alternate facilities deployed within the network (including our operations centers), effectively eliminating any single point of failure that might render the network inoperable. This is established through [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] **Figure 2.3.4.1-1.**

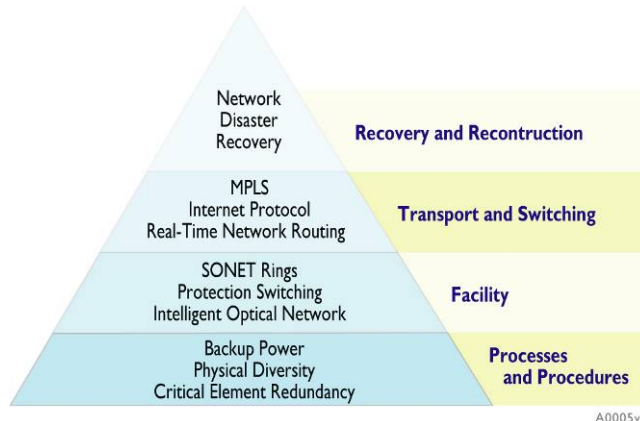


Figure 2.3.4.1-1: AT&T Network Survivability Protocol. [REDACTED]

Agency [REDACTED]

An effective disaster recovery operation includes a set of policies, procedures, standards, and tools to demonstrate a sound business continuity capability. A comprehensive set of disaster recovery policies and procedures are maintained for Networkx operational

survivability in the event of a natural or man-made disaster. The Networkx Disaster Recovery Plan in Appendix D addresses the Government's Networkx Disaster Recovery requirements and provides a complete description of our management, technical, and operational capabilities. The plan describes in detail how AT&T's NDR program satisfies the disaster recovery elements identified in Section C.3.3.3, Disaster Recovery, and all sub-sections.

AT&T will issue a revised plan within 30 calendar days of Notice to Proceed and annually thereafter for the duration of the contract.

The contractor shall address in the Disaster Recovery Plan its disaster recovery command structure for managing disaster and how it will communicate, interface and coordinate internally and with the Government, suppliers, partners, and other Networkx stakeholders as appropriate. Communication requirements from the contractor's network control center(s) to National Communication System (NCS) locations or other critical Government locations during an emergency will be defined by the Government after contract award. [C.3.3.3.2.1]

The Government benefits from a command structure providing clear communication and accountability. The Networkx Disaster Recovery [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] AT&T NDR [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Networkx Program Director. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Contractor's Program Organization (CPO) [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] GSA Program Management Office (PMO) [REDACTED]

providing the government with a single point of contact for communication and coordination. He is alternate [REDACTED] [REDACTED] locations and/or other critical Government locations during an emergency. Additionally, he interfaces and coordinates the activities of AT&T's NDR organization, subcontractor team members and other stakeholders.

The AT&T Global Network Operations Center (GNOC) and Centers of Excellence (COE) provide overall network management, surveillance and fault detection for the AT&T network. The GNOC is focused on end-to-end service performance and network management. The COE focuses on technology-specific surveillance and fault management. Together, this approach offers the Agencies a full suite of DR. All incident management command and control is directed by AT&T's GNOC. The GNOC is responsible for coordinating incident response across organizations, expediting service restoration, and maintaining adequate and thorough communication, both internally and externally. This includes responding to alarm conditions and performance threshold monitoring and alerting of network outages. There are specific teams providing problem resolution and service restoration, all under the direction of the GNOC. Further details are provided in the Disaster Recovery Plan (Appendix D).

Service Restoration

The contractor shall address in the Disaster Recovery Plan its overall strategy for service restoration including prioritization and partial or full restoration as appropriate. [C.3.3.3.2.1]

The contractor shall address in the Disaster Recovery Plan as appropriate back up strategies for services affecting facilities, operational support systems and data, and key service components. [C.3.3.3.2.1]

A disaster is defined as a catastrophic event in which a central office building or other major facility, or information systems and network equipment contained within, is completely destroyed or rendered useless by any type of



natural or man-made disaster. To continue their critical missions, Government customers need to have restoration as quickly as possible.

AT&T NDR's recovery strategy has three primary goals:

- Route non-involved telecommunications traffic around an affected area
- Provide the affected area communications to the rest of the world
- Restore communications service back to normal as quickly as possible through restoration and repair.

The recovery process is initiated by directive from leadership, partners, and customers; a natural or man-made crisis; and/or a threat to the AT&T Global Network. The process is complete after the network resumes normal operations and returned to the stand-by mode.

The GNOC directs the restoration efforts, including prioritizing the order of work to be performed at a network component level. AT&T has restoration capabilities using [REDACTED] One example is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Agencies can be confident their service will be correctly prioritized for restoration.

The Disaster Recovery Plan includes more information on our restoration capabilities, including partial restoration, and on our back-up strategies for services affecting facilities, operational support systems and data, and key service components.

Subcontractors

The contractor shall address in the Disaster Recovery Plan how it ensures that domestic and non-domestic suppliers or partners for which Networkx service offering depends on have in place adequate and viable disaster recovery plans and strategies. [C.3.3.3.2.1]

AT&T, as lead in the Networkx program, is responsible for the coordination of subcontractor service delivery, both domestic and non-domestic. AT&T has reviewed the disaster recovery plans and strategies of our subcontractors as part of the partner selection process, and verified their plans to be acceptable. AT&T will continue to monitor our partners and our own DR practices plans and strategies with annual tests and evaluations, reporting our results to the Government throughout the life of the program. The Disaster Recovery Plan (Appendix D) contains a full elaboration of partner capabilities, how they develop and test new techniques and equipment, and their state of preparedness to react successfully to disasters.

Cingular - Cingular is able to deploy a mobile cell site, or Cell-On-Wheels (COW), consisting of base station radios, on-board power generation, a tower structure, and antennas, to replace or augment wireless services at a location where service has been lost or requires enhancement. Following Hurricane Katrina (September 2005), Cingular was able to:

- Restore 75 percent of overall service by 9/8/05 in the areas hit by Hurricane Katrina
- Fully restore service by 9/8/05 in Mobile, Alabama, Jackson and Meridian, Mississippi, and in Hammond and Houma, Louisiana
- Restore 50 percent of service in New Orleans, LA by 9/8/05.

Global Crossing - Global Crossing has in place protective design features, such as:

- Span and protection ring switching with automatic rerouting
- Redundant and meshed core service networks
- Deployment of redundant power in all POPs



- Redundant switching and power equipment in all POPs and diverse routing of customer circuits.

Global Crossing's disaster recovery capabilities also include:

[REDACTED]

Telenor - Telenor provides satellite communications serving as the backup for disasters to terrestrial services. The only requirement is a direct line-of-site to the sky. Telenor Satellite Service, AT&T's mobile satellite service provider, delivers its services on Inmarsat, Iridium, Thuraya and Globalstar. In the unlikely event one of these satellite constellations, or the fixed satellite services, is out of commission, service reverts to an alternate for voice or data services.

2.3.4.2 Disaster Recovery Capabilities [L.34.2.3.4]

The offeror shall describe its disaster recovery capabilities and approach to provide the Government a high degree of confidence that the offeror will be a strong partner that understands the challenges that the Government faces in:

- (a) Ensuring continuity of Government operations and services, and the integral role of Networkx services in such operations
- (b) Minimizing the impact that Networkx services related disasters will have on Government operations and services
- (c) Maintaining the viability of the Disaster Recovery Plan given the length of the Networkx contracts and the changes that will take place in the service environment
- (d) Ensuring that Networkx disaster recovery capabilities are maintained up to current standards and practices

The Government's critical missions are protected through a detailed DR approach provided by the industry leader in disaster planning, avoidance, response and recovery. **Figure 2.3.4.2-1** [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] AT&T's NDR organization is actually one of *three* pillars supporting continual delivery of network services, and interacts constantly with network management and

security management to offer the best continuity of services insurance to the GSA and Agencies.

Figure 2.3.4.2-1: The Three Pillars of AT&T Service Continuity.

The NDR organization has been chartered to develop and maintain necessary processes for recovery of functionality at critical locations. Since 1992, NDR has grown its trademark inventory of trailerized equipment elements to over [REDACTED] units, providing pre-planned recovery for over [REDACTED] network offices and a diverse team of approximately [REDACTED] people throughout AT&T to plan and execute recovery using a patented process.

The primary role of the NDR organization is to restore the functionality of a central office, network element or work center in the AT&T network completely destroyed or rendered useless by a natural or manmade disaster. Such restorations exceed the normal capabilities of the network operational process and usually require long-term deployment of specialized equipment and resources. The goal is to restore functionality within [REDACTED] hours of being activated.

Continuity of Government Operations and Services: During a disaster, citizens turn to the Government for assistance; therefore, it is critical

Government operations and services remain fully functional without interruption. AT&T has provided Disaster Recovery support to the Government for decades. Agencies, especially those on the frontline during a disaster such as the Federal

Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), turn to AT&T in times of crisis. Agencies know the mission of AT&T's Network Disaster Recovery (NDR) Team is to do everything humanly and technically possible to restore AT&T communications to an affected area. AT&T's industry-leading DR capabilities allow Network

Agencies to continue to deliver services to their customers in spite of network or communications-service affecting events. Past successful AT&T DR efforts are included in the Network Disaster Recovery Plan (Appendix D). Examples are :

- *Hurricane Katrina* (September 2005) – Even before the storm made landfall, the NDR team headed for the Gulf Coast. Within hours, the emergency infrastructure for police and support personnel in place. This was made possible through the dispatch of five emergency vehicles providing satellite telephony. AT&T voice, internet and data services remained intact throughout the storm.
- *Code Red Worm* (July/August 2001) - AT&T responded to the Code Red worm in July/August 2001 by providing around-the-clock, around-the-

Emergency Crews Back In Action As AT&T Restores Communications

In the immediate aftermath [of hurricane Katrina], AT&T rolled a specially equipped van into Mandeville, La., on the north side of Lake Pontchartrain, to provide satellite telephone service for the state police there, said Bob Desiato, a manager of AT&T's Network Disaster Recovery Group. The van, which has a satellite dish mounted on the roof, connected telephones inside the police facility to the satellite link and restored telephone service. The AT&T satellite connection also provides Internet service, Desiato said. Another AT&T van is providing similar service to the Federal Emergency Management Agency in southwest Louisiana, he said, and the company sent more vehicles after those initial deployments. "After the floods, the phones lost service and the state lost service to state police, to their emergency operations centers," Desiato said. "The first priority was to get them back online."

- Federal Computer Week, online

world, coverage to support customers. More than [REDACTED] consecutive hours of coverage and [REDACTED] person hours were expended to identify and successfully implement fixes.

September 11, 2001-

Prior to the World Trade Center disaster, the NDR Team had never been fully deployed (AT&T had never lost an entire central office).

On September 11, 2001, AT&T activated the NDR Team for its first full-scale disaster



Figure 2.3.4.2-2: AT&T's Response to World Trade Center Disaster.
AT&T's recovery equipment restored service within forty-eight hours after the loss of our central office in the World Trade Center.

response (**Figure 2.3.4.2-2**). The team and the recovery equipment arrived in northern New Jersey early on September 12. The recovery equipment was positioned and turned up to receive service [REDACTED] hours later. The traffic demand on AT&T's network on September 11 far exceeded anything experienced before. AT&T completed 431 million voice calls, surpassing the previous single-day record of 330 million calls.

Minimize Impact on Networx Services: The Networx DR program serves to minimize the impact of a disaster on Networx services by being fully prepared to deploy our NDR capabilities at a moment's notice and maintaining a network designed to be reliable with built-in redundancies and restoration capabilities.

AT&T's plan is supported by a full complement of specialized equipment and skilled personnel, who regularly test their plans, keep current on technology,

and maintain DR equipment ready to go into action 24x7. Trailer trucks loaded with telecommunications equipment are ready for dispatch if a central office is destroyed (**Figure 2.3.4.2-3**). The trucks are strategically located across the country to allow quick access to a disaster area, regardless of where it occurs. The NDR Team is a mobile group of AT&T managers, engineers, and technicians who have received special training in the physical recovery of the AT&T network.



Figure 2.3.4.2-3: AT&T's NDR Trailers on site at the World Trade Center Disaster. *Equipment and personnel can be en route to an emergency incident within two hours of an official call-out.*

Team members and equipment will be en route to an emergency incident within two hours of an official call-out. In the case of a forecasted disaster, such as a hurricane, they are often dispatched to

strategic locations prior to the event. The specially-designed tractor-trailers, equipped with highly sophisticated equipment, generally travel by road, but in an extreme emergency can ship by rail or air.

To accomplish NDR goals, AT&T has implemented highly reliable SONET rings, Intelligent Optical Network, high-tech tools such as Real-Time Network Routing and [REDACTED]. The AT&T IXC (InterXchange Carrier) Transport network uses [REDACTED] as one of its key tools to maintain network reliability. First introduced in 1992, the [REDACTED] system instantly identifies fiber-optic cable failures on the core network and automatically begins rerouting circuits over spare capacity. Frequently, the [REDACTED] system restores 90 to 95 percent of service within two

to three minutes. In the vast majority of cases, the customer is unaware of a problem.

Viability of Plan Over the Life of the Contract: AT&T established our NDR organization in 1992. The NDR Team conducts several exercises each year at a variety of locations, from city streets to open fields. For these exercises, the entire team and the necessary equipment is dispatched as though an actual disaster has occurred and a complete recovery site is established. As described above in our disaster recovery examples, this NDR tradition of supporting AT&T during disasters will continue through the life of the Networx contract. In addition to updating the Disaster Recovery Plan annually based on Government feedback, AT&T updates all NDR equipment, practices and procedures based on the latest technology and improvement initiatives uncovered during exercises and actual disaster recovery events. This iterative approach meets current standards and practices and evolves as threats change and preventative technologies advance.

Current Standards and Practices: The NDR organization follows well-documented standards and practices regarding the readiness of the personnel and equipment. NDR team members include highly skilled AT&T employees located across the nation who participate in disaster recovery exercises each year to retain and enhance their skills using the disaster recover equipment and processes. Team members attend classes on a regular basis to learn new technology and how to install and repair equipment. Trailers are tested every month and are upgraded with new technology to work with any AT&T network upgrades. Standards are followed for equipment maintenance, considering everything from the proper amount of air in the tires on the trucks to the latest satellite positioning information.

The NDR trucks are essentially a central office on wheels, thus all standard central office practices are followed.

Standards and practices are tested during our quarterly Disaster Recovery exercises described in Section 2.3.4.4 below, and deficiencies are immediately remedied and documented.

2.3.4.3 Fail-resistant Network Monitoring and Management [C.3.3.3.2.2]

The contractor's network management system design shall provide features that will make real-time network monitoring resistant to failure and avoid the possibility of a single point of failure impacting the entire network management function. [C.3.3.3.2.2]

Government customers are protected from network failure by the largest and most sophisticated network command and control center of its kind in the world, the AT&T Global Network Operations Center (GNOC), located in Bedminster, New Jersey. This center, shown in **Figure 2.3.4.3-1**, manages AT&T's network infrastructure.



Figure 2.3.4.3-1: AT&T Global Network Operations Center (GNOC). The GNOC is responsible for proactively managing the AT&T's Global Network, often resolving network problems before detection.

To avoid a single point of failure impacting the entire network management function, a standby disaster recovery site for the GNOC is maintained to invoke operations in a manner identical to the main site. All mission-critical GNOC operational support systems have redundancy with full diversity across geographically dispersed data centers. The GNOC practices a surprise operations disaster recovery exercise five times a year, where operations are recovered and operated at the standby disaster recovery site for at least one full day. During one emergency construction project, AT&T operated the

GNOC out of its standby site for a period of about six weeks, with no impact to network operations or service delivery. AT&T's DR team tests the GNOC annually to ascertain compliance with its recovery time objective. The [REDACTED] [REDACTED] GNOC, a role staffed 24x7, leads the [REDACTED] [REDACTED] This officer coordinates the network incident response across AT&T organizations, assessing the impact of the event in near real-time and prioritizing restoration efforts.

2.3.4.4 Ongoing Disaster Recovery Preparedness

[C.3.3.3.1.1, C.3.3.3.2.4]

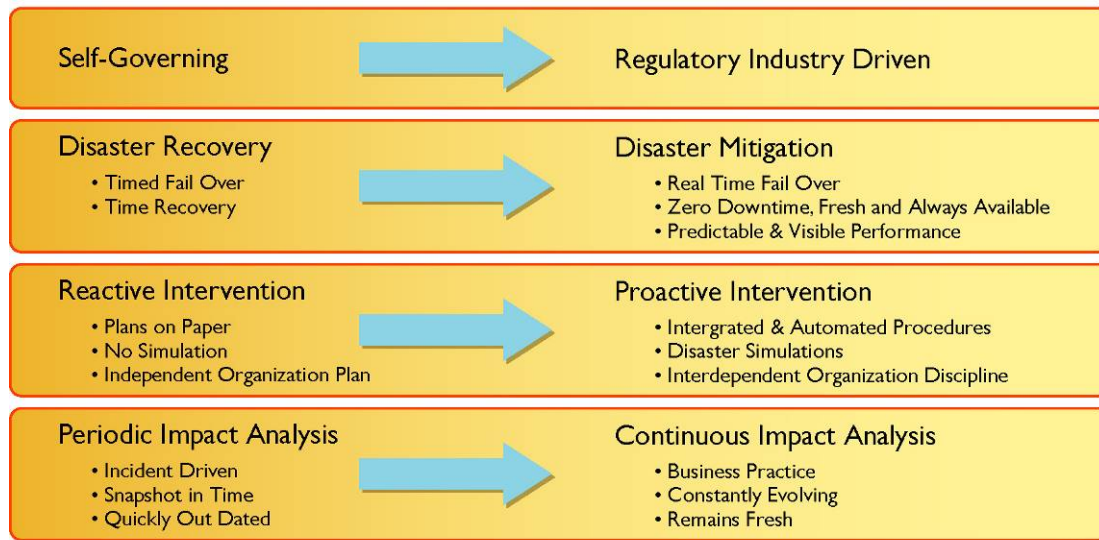
The contractor will work with the Government on an ongoing basis to enhance its disaster recovery preparedness and maintain readiness as it relates to Networx services. [C.3.3.3.1.1]

The contractor shall conduct annual preparedness drills for disaster recovery, document the results of such drills, and report to the PMO in annual updates to the Disaster Recovery Plan the actions the contractor will take or has taken to address any shortcoming. [C.3.3.3.2.4]

The contractor shall include and discuss as part of its Disaster Recovery Plan how it will ensure that its disaster recovery plan is effective and that its operation is in a state of readiness to address disasters. [C.3.3.3.2.4]

To be prepared during a disaster, Agencies must have minimal disruption in telecommunications and data services enabling them to respond and support the Government's missions. Disaster Recovery readiness has evolved substantially over the years. **Figure 2.3.4.4-1** [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] This strategy leads AT&T to offer GSA and Agencies a stronger and more resilient communications infrastructure, and to develop better network diversity solutions and management tools.



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Figure: 2.3.4.4-1: Shifting Paradigms that Achieve Zero Application Downtime. AT&T's DR approach advances as threats evolve to provide the protection the government requires.

Table 2.3.4.4-1 provides examples of AT&T's real-world readiness illustrating the DR capabilities the Government requires for a program of this complexity, scope and length.

DATE	EVENT	LOCATION	EQUIPMENT
9/2005	Hurricane Rita	Dallas, TX	Technology trailers and Emergency Communications Vehicle (ECV) to staging location in Dallas, TX.
8/2005	Hurricane Katrina	New Orleans, LA	Technology trailers, Emergency Power Generators and Emergency Communications Vehicle (ECV) to staging location in New Orleans and held in reserve. ECV used for humanitarian relief.
10/2003	Wildfires	San Diego, CA	Technology trailers and Emergency Communications Vehicle (ECV) to staging location near San Diego and held in reserve. ECV used for humanitarian relief.
9/2002	Regen Damage	Hamilton Square, NJ	Regenerator Trailer to recovery site and held in reserve.
09-10/2001	WTC Disaster	New York, NY	Technology Trailers and ECV to recovery site in New Jersey. ECV for humanitarian relief in Manhattan.
5/2001	Tropical Storm Allison	Houston, TX	Limited trailer deployment, SMEs, and ECV (emergency communications and humanitarian relief)

Table 2.3.4.4-1: Recent Examples of AT&T's Disaster Recovery Responses. Our tradition of restoring service during disasters continues to support Agency needs on the Networx contract.

During the entire life of the contract, AT&T partners with the GSA PMO to review DR plans, personnel and capabilities. In these reviews, the requirements of critical Networx users are considered in order to maintain service during emergencies, changes in the DR environment and enhancements to DR processes and/or technologies. The Disaster Recovery



Plan will be updated to reflect these requirements on an annual basis. More information regarding on-going enhancements is offered in Appendix D.

Annual Preparedness

Drills

AT&T exercises critical DR plans several times each year. These full-scale deployment exercises, which exceed the Government's requirement of an annual preparedness drill, cover all assets, applications and network services. NDR has "exercised" its team members, equipment and processes in full-scale disaster recovery exercises held around the United States since 1993. These drills test as many of the NDR functions as possible, from the initial call-out, to

equipment transportation and setup, to technology turn-up and testing. At these exercises, team members are given hands-on training on new technologies and the recovery equipment is operated in field conditions. The drills are held throughout the United States, in a wide variety of weather and settings.

2005 EXERCISES	
First Quarter	Houston, TX
Second Quarter	Bedminster, NJ
Third Quarter	Kansas City, MO
Fourth Quarter	Atlanta, GA
2004 EXERCISES	
First Quarter	Seattle, Washington
Second Quarter	Pompano Beach, Florida
Third Quarter	Foster City, California
Fourth Quarter	Saint Paul, Minnesota
2003 EXERCISES	
Second Quarter	Chicago, Illinois
Third Quarter	Training Exercise
Third Quarter	Boston, Massachusetts
Fourth Quarter	Dallas, Texas
2002 EXERCISES	
First Quarter	Training Exercise
Second Quarter	Ashburn, Virginia
Third Quarter	Training Exercise
Fourth Quarter	Bedminster, New Jersey
2001 EXERCISES	
First Quarter	Training Exercise
Second Quarter	Tampa, Florida
Third Quarter	Denver, Colorado
Fourth Quarter	Canceled (WTC Deployment)
2000 EXERCISES	
First Quarter	Training Exercise
Second Quarter	St. Louis, Missouri
Third Quarter	White Plains, New York
Fourth Quarter	Phoenix, Arizona
1999 EXERCISES	
First Quarter	Training Exercise
Second Quarter	San Antonio, Texas
Third Quarter	Lodi, California
Fourth Quarter	Atlanta, Georgia
1998 EXERCISES	
First Quarter	Salt Lake City, Utah
Second Quarter	Kansas City, Missouri
Third Quarter	Arlington, Virginia

Table 2.3.4.4-2: DR Drills Instill Readiness. Held in varying locations, readiness is reinforced through a simulation of catastrophic events.

As listed in **Table 2.3.4.4-2**, AT&T's full-scale disaster recovery exercises were performed in various locations.

A grade is assigned upon completion of each DR exercise, based on an evaluation of its recovery preparedness utilizing AT&T's Certification and Assurance standards. The objective is for mission-critical plans to achieve a certification grade of B or better. Deficiencies are addressed and action plans developed and documented in the annual Disaster Recovery Plan updates.

If the Offeror's approach to meeting Disaster Recovery requirements is different for optional services than for mandatory services, the offeror shall describe the differences in a separate optional services sub-section within the Disaster Recovery section of the Offeror's response. The Offeror shall reflect differences due to optional services in an addendum to the Disaster Recovery Plan.

AT&T's approach to the GSA's requirements for Disaster Recovery is the same for all services, including the optional services AT&T is offering in this proposal. The Disaster Recovery Plan (Appendix D) will be updated for custom, Agency-specific solutions procured through the Networkx contract as they are delivered.

2.3.4.5 Summary

GSA and the Agencies can continue to obtain the services needed to perform their missions without interruption by obtaining services from a vendor who proactively monitors and aggressively reacts to threats to Networkx



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The American Business Awards, 2005. AT&T's NDR Team was a finalist in the BEST MIS and Systems Team category. Both were publicly recognized during The 2005 American Business Awards Gala held in NYC.

-- June 2005

infrastructure and services. To demonstrate this commitment, GSA is provided with yearly briefings on AT&T and Networkx DR capabilities. These briefings inform and educate the Government on the latest issues, trends, technologies, and our updated practices pertaining to disaster recovery. AT&T's disaster recovery response infrastructure is capable of responding to a multitude of disparate events

ranging from attacks in cyber space to the recent hurricanes in the southern United States. AT&T's NDR Mission is to plan, establish, maintain, and augment the infrastructures, technologies, and processes required for crisis mode operations during a disaster or threat to:

- Minimize customer impact
- Recover critical network services both long distance and local connectivity
- Normalize operations to our fullest capabilities
- Establish emergency communications and network access
- Support humanitarian relief communication efforts.

GSA and the Agencies' communications needs will continue to be supported during disasters through the life of the Networx contract with the support of AT&T's industry-leading NDR Team, inventory of trailerized equipment, and patented recovery processes.